CHAPTER 25

NUISANCES

ARTICLE I - GENERALLY

- **25-1-1 SPECIFIC NUISANCES ENUMERATED.** It is hereby declared to be a nuisance and to be against the health, peace and comfort of the City, for any person, firm or corporation within the limits of the City to permit the following; but the enumeration of the following nuisances shall not be deemed to be exclusive:
- (A) **Filth.** To cause or suffer the carcass of any animal or any offal, filth or noisome substance to be collected, deposited or to remain in any place, to the prejudice of others.
- (B) <u>Deposit of Offensive Materials</u>. To throw or deposit any offal or other offensive matter, or the carcass of any dead animal in any water course, lake, pond, spring, well or common sewer, street or public highway.
- (C) <u>Corruption of Water</u>. To corrupt or render unwholesome, or impure, the water of any spring, river, stream, pond or lake, well, public or private, to the injury or prejudice of others.
- (D) <u>Highway Encroachment</u>. To obstruct or encroach upon public highways, private ways, streets, alleys, commons, landing places, and ways to burying places.
- (E) <u>Manufacturing Gunpowder</u>. To carry on the business of manufacturing gunpowder, nitroglycerine, or other highly explosive substances, or mixing or grinding the materials therefore, in any building within **three hundred (300) feet** of any valuable building erected at the time such business may be commenced.
- (F) <u>Powder Magazines</u>. To establish powder magazines near incorporated towns, at a point different from that appointed according to law by the corporate authorities of the town, or within **eight hundred (800) feet** of any occupied dwelling house.
- (G) <u>Noxious Odors</u>. To erect, continue or use any building or other place for the exercise of any trade, employment or manufacture, which, by occasioning noxious exhalations, offensive smells or otherwise, is offensive or dangerous to the health of individuals, or of the public.
- (H) **Unlawful Advertising.** To advertise wares or occupations by painting notices of the same on, or affixing them to fences or other private property, or on rocks or other natural objects without the consent of the owner, or if in the highway or other public place, without permission of the proper authorities.
- (I) <u>Wells Unplugged.</u> To permit any well drilled for oil, gas, salt water disposal or any other purpose in connection with the production of oil and gas, to remain unplugged after such well is no longer used for the purpose for which it was drilled.
- (J) <u>Burn-Out Pits.</u> To construct or operate any salt water pit or oil field refuse pit, commonly called a "burn-out pit" so that salt water, brine or oil field refuse or other waste liquids may escape therefrom in any manner except by the evaporation of such salt water or brine or by the burning of such oil field waste or refuse.
- (K) <u>Discarded Materials.</u> To permit concrete bases, discarded machinery and materials to remain around any oil or gas well or to fail to fill any holes, cellars, slush pits and other excavations made in connection with any such well or to restore the surface of the lands surrounding any such well to its condition before the drilling of any such well, upon abandonment of any such oil or gas well.
- (L) <u>Underground Wells.</u> To permit any salt water, oil, gas or other wastes from any well drilled for oil, gas or exploratory purposes to escape to the surface, or into a mine or coal seam, or into any underground fresh water supply or from one underground stratum to another.
- (M) <u>Harassment</u>. To harass, intimidate or threaten any person who is about to sell or lease or has sold or leased a residence or other real property, or is about to buy or lease, or has bought or leased a residence or other real property, when the harassment, intimidation, or threat relates to a person's attempt to sell, buy or lease a residence, or other real property, or refers to a person's sale, purchase or lease of a residence or other real property.

- (N) <u>Business</u>. To establish, maintain, and carry on any offensive or unwholesome business or establishment within the limits of the City or within **one and one-half (1 ½) miles** of the City limits.
- (O) <u>Filthy Premise Conditions</u>. To keep or suffer to be kept any chicken coop, cow barn, stable, cellar, vault, drain, privy, sewer or sink upon any premises belonging to or occupied by any person, or any railroad car, building, yard, grounds, and premises belonging to or occupied by any person.
- (P) <u>Expectorate.</u> To expectorate on any public sidewalk or street, or other public building or floor or walk of any public vehicle or hall.
- (Q) <u>Litter on Streets.</u> It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit upon or allow trash, paper, cardboard, wire, dirt, rock, stone, glass, brick, lumber, wood or litter or material objects of any size or description to fall upon the streets of the City from any moving vehicle, or to be thrown from a moving vehicle, or to throw from a moving vehicle and to remain thereon.
- (R) **Accumulation of Junk And Trash.** To deposit or pile up any rags, old rope, paper, iron, brass, copper, tin, aluminum, used lumber, derelict truck trailers, camping trailers, or boats, appliances, construction materials, demolition debris, ashes, garbage, refuse, plastic, brush, litter, weeds, slush, lead, glass bottles or broken glass upon any residential home lot, piece or parcel of land or upon any public or private alley, street or public way within the City.
- (S) <u>Rodents.</u> To cause or permit any condition or situation to exist that shall attract, harbor, or encourage the infestation of rodents.
- (T) **Bringing Nuisances into the City.** To bring into the City or keep therein for sale or otherwise, either for food or for any other purpose, any dead or live animal or any matter, substance, or thing which shall be a nuisance or which shall occasion a nuisance in the City, or which may or shall be dangerous or detrimental to health.
- (U) **Offensive Liquids.** To keep nauseous, foul or putrid liquid or substance or any liquid or substance likely to become nauseous, foul, offensive, or putrid, nor permit any such liquid to be discharged, placed, thrown, or to flow from or out of any premise into or upon any adjacent premises or any public street or alley, nor permit the same to be done by any person connected with the premises.
- (V) <u>Dense or Offensive Smoke.</u> To cause or permit the emission of dense smoke from any fire, chimney, engine, oil burner or any other agency in the City so as to cause annoyance or discomfort to the residents thereof.
- (W) <u>Scrap Tires, Both Mounted and Dismounted.</u> To keep any scrap tires, either mounted or dismounted, in open view, or so as to allow such tires to accumulate stagnant water so as to provide a breeding ground for mosquitoes and other pests. All persons charged with illegal tires shall be assessed a fee of **Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00)** per tire.
- (X) <u>Motor Transport Engines.</u> To operate motor vehicle transport engines in the nighttime between the hours of **eight (8:00) o'clock P.M.** and **six (6:00) o'clock A.M.**, in any place in which a majority of the buildings, within a radius of **four hundred (400) feet** are used exclusively for residence purposes, excluding state and federal highways.
- (Y) <u>Accumulation of Debris.</u> To store, dump or permit the accumulation of debris, refuse, garbage, trash, tires, buckets, cans, wheelbarrows, garbage cans or other containers in a manner that may harbor mosquitoes, flies, insects, rodents, nuisance birds or other animal pests that are offensive, injurious or dangerous to the health of individuals or the public. All persons charged with illegal tires shall be assessed a fee of **Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00)** per tire.
- (Z) <u>Generally.</u> To commit any act which is a nuisance according to the common law of the land or made such by statute of the State. (See 740 ILCS 55/221 55/222)

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the corporate authorities of this City from declaring what shall be nuisances, and abating them within the City limits.

25-1-2 NUISANCES DETRIMENTAL TO HEALTH GENERALLY. No building, vehicle, structure, receptacle, yard, lot, premise, or part thereof shall be made, used, kept, maintained or operated in the City if such use, keeping or maintaining shall be dangerous or detrimental to health.

- **25-1-3 NOTICE TO ABATE.** Whenever the Superintendent, Mayor, Zoning Administrator or Police Chief finds that a nuisance exists, he shall direct the Zoning Administrator to mail (certified) to the party responsible for the nuisance and to the party on whose property the nuisance exists a written notice ordering that the nuisance be abated within a reasonable time. The notice to abate shall contain:
 - (A) A description of what constitutes the nuisance;
 - (B) The location of the nuisance;
- (C) A statement of what condition or state of affairs must be achieved in order for the nuisance to be deemed abated;
 - (D) The date by which abatement must be completed;
- (E) The date by which a request for a hearing must be filed and a statement of the procedure for so filing;
- (F) A statement that the responsible party has a right to appeal the abatement order to the City Council.
- (G) A statement indicating that if the nuisance is not abated by the date prescribed and/or if no request for hearing is made within the time prescribed, this City will abate the nuisance and assess the costs against the property and/or impose a fine.
- **25-1-4 HEARING.** Any person ordered to abate a nuisance may have a hearing with the Police Chief or his designated representative ordering the abatement. A request for a hearing must be made in writing and delivered to the City Clerk within the time stated in the notice; otherwise, it will be presumed that a nuisance exists, and that such nuisance must be abated as ordered. The hearing shall not be a formal trial-type proceeding, but appropriate procedural safeguards shall be observed to ensure fairness. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Police Chief or his designated representative shall render his decision and the reasons therefor in writing. If he finds that a nuisance exists, he shall order it abated within an additional time which must be reasonable under the circumstances.
- **25-1-5 APPEAL.** Any party aggrieved by the decision of the Police Chief may appeal to the City Council. Such appeal shall be taken by filing with the City Clerk within **five (5) days** of such decision a written statement indicating the basis for the appeal.

The appeal shall be heard by the City Council at the next regular or special meeting after such filing. Their findings shall be conclusive and if a nuisance is found to exist, it shall be ordered abated within a time reasonable under the circumstances.

- **25-1-6 ABATEMENT BY CITY.** If the person ordered to abate a nuisance fails to do so, or if the nuisance poses an emergency, this City may perform the required action to abate. Any City official who is authorized to abate any nuisance as defined in this Article shall have authority to engage the necessary assistance and to incur the necessary expenses therefor. The official who abates a nuisance shall keep an accurate account of the expenses incurred. The itemized expense shall be filed with the City Clerk who shall pay such expenses on behalf of this City. (See 65 ILCS 5/11-60-2)
- **25-1-7 FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH NOTICE.** If the person notified to abate a nuisance shall neglect or refuse to comply with the requirements of such notice by abating such nuisance within the time specified, such person shall be guilty of a violation of this Code. The City shall not be required to issue another notice where the condition or violation is at first abated, but later resumed and/or repeated.

(See 65 ILCS 5/11-60-2 and 720 ILCS 5/47-5; 5/47-10 and 5/47-15)

ARTICLE II - WEEDS

25-2-1 DEFINITION. "Weeds" as used in this Code shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Burdock, Rag Weed (giant), Rag Weed (Common), Thistle, Cocklebur, Jimson, Blue Vervain, Common Milk Weed, Wild Carrot, Poison Ivy, Wild Mustard, Rough Pigweed, Lambsquarter, Wild Lettuce, Curled Dock, Smartweeds (all varieties), Poison Hemlock, Wild Hemp, Johnson Grass, grass and all other noxious weeds as defined by the statutes of the State of Illinois.

25-2-2 HEIGHT. It shall be unlawful for anyone to permit any weeds, grass, or plants, other than trees, bushes, flowers or other ornamental plants, to grow to a height exceeding **eight (8) inches** above ground level anywhere in the City. Any such plants, weeds, or grass exceeding such height are hereby declared to be a nuisance.

All property owners and/or persons in control of the land are responsible for maintenance of the lawn, cutting of the grass, and compliance with this Article for the entirety of the property to the curb, street, and/or alleyway. (Ord. No. 2003-08; 06-09-03)

- **25-2-3 SERVICE OF NOTICE.** Notice shall be posted in an open and visible area on the property where the weeds are growing. Said notice may be posted by the Commissioner of Public Affairs, the Code Enforcement Officer working under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Affairs, the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Chief of Police, any uniformed Police Officer of the City of Benton, the Street Commissioner, the Street Superintendent, and/or any employee of the Street Department. The notice shall be posted **seven (7) days** prior to the taking of any action by the City to remedy the nuisance by which the weeds must be abated as a nuisance. **(Ord. No. 2003-08; 06-09-03)**
- **25-2-4 ABATEMENT.** It shall not be a requirement that the owner or other responsible party be given any personal notice by any means and that the posting of the property in accordance with the immediately-preceding paragraph shall be sufficient notice. **(Ord. No. 2003-08; 06-09-03)**
- **25-2-5 LIEN.** Costs and expenses for such weed removal is a lien upon the real estate affected, superior to all other liens and encumbrances, except tax liens and as otherwise provided by **65 ILCS 5/11-20-7**. Within **one hundred eighty (180) days** after such costs and expenses are incurred the City, a notice of lien shall be filed in the3 office of the recorder of Franklin County, Illinois. The notice shall consist of a sworn statement setting out (1) a description of the real estate sufficient for identification thereof, (2) the amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service, and (3) the date or dates when such cost and expense was incurred by the City.

After the removal of the weeds and prior to filing said lien, a notice shall be personally served on, or sent by certified mail to the person to whom was sent the tax bill for the general taxes on the property for the last preceding year. The notice shall state the substance of this Section and the substance of any ordinance of the City implementing this Section and shall identify the property, by common description, and the location of the weeds to be cut. **(Ord. No. 08-09; 07-28-08)**

25-2-6 PAYMENT. Notice of such lien claim shall be mailed to the owner of the premises if his address is known. Upon payment of the cost and expense after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name the lien has been filed and the release shall be filed of record in the same manner as filing notice of the lien. All lien and release filing fees shall be paid by the owner of the property. There shall be established the fee of **Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)** per lot for each time that the City must abate or remedy the nuisance of the weeds pursuant to notice given in this Chapter. In addition, when special circumstances require additional fees,

which by way of illustration but not by way of limitation may include, for example, removal of garbage, debris, or other impediments to mowing, then the lien shall include not only the fee for mowing but also such reasonable and necessary charges as were incurred in order to enable the City to abate or remedy the nuisance pursuant to this Chapter. The Mayor, acting as the Commissioner of Public Affairs, or his designee shall be authorized without further action of the Council to execute and record in the office of the County Recorder of Franklin County, Illinois, such documents as are necessary to perfect a lien upon the subject real estate upon which the work is performed. (Ord. No. 2003-08; 06-09-03)

25-2-7 GENERAL PENALTY; FORECLOSURE OF LIENS.

- (A) <u>General Penalty.</u> Whenever in this Code or in any ordinance of the City any act is prohibited or is made or declared to be unlawful or an offense, or whenever in such Code or ordinance the doing of any act is required or the failure to do any act is declared to be un lawful, where no specific penalty is provided therefor, the violation of any such provision of this Code or any ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding **Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$750.00)**. Each day any violation of any provision of this Code or any ordinance shall constitute a separate offense.
- (B) <u>Foreclosure of Liens.</u> In addition to any other legal remedy available under this Code or applicable state or federal law, any lien in accordance with the City Code shall be enforced by proceedings to foreclose, as in the case of mortgage or mechanic's liens under Illinois law, against the property subject to said lien for the collection of costs incurred by the City for services rendered, including any and all administrative, filling and/or legal fees or costs for the enforcement of the provisions of this Code. (Ord. No. 2000-13)

25-2-8 <u>DUTIES OF ZONING ADMINISTRATOR – FORECLOSURE.</u>

- (A) The Zoning Administrator is hereby authorized to take any and all necessary and reasonable action to foreclosure on any liens which have been filed against a property owner's real estate for outstanding weed cutting costs and fees, when such liens equal or exceed a total of **Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00)** collectively against a parcel of property (i.e. one or more weed liens filed on the same property for weed cutting costs, including administrative, filing and legal fees) and has been recorded in the Franklin County Recorder's Office for a **one (1) year** period or longer without being paid.
- (B) The Zoning Administrator is hereby authorized to pursue any and all legal remedies available under Illinois law, in addition to foreclosure, for the enforcement of liens filed against property whose owner(s) or person(s) in control has received the benefit of City services but failed or refused to submit payment in full for such services within the administrative time period allowed.
- (C) The Zoning Administrator is hereby authorized to and shall take any and all reasonable, necessary and proper action to carry out the intent and purposes of this Article. (Ord. No. 2000-13)

ARTICLE III - GARBAGE AND DEBRIS

- **25-3-1 ACCUMULATION PROHIBITED.** No person shall permit any garbage or trash to accumulate on their premises or private property. It is hereby declared to be a nuisance and it shall be unlawful for the owner or occupant of real estate to refuse or neglect to remove the garbage or debris.
- **25-3-2 SERVICE OF NOTICE.** Notice shall be posted in an open and visible area on the property where the weeds are growing. Said notice may be posted by the Commissioner of Public Affairs, the Code Enforcement Office working under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Affairs, the Commissioner of Public Safety, the Chief of Police, any uniformed Police Officer or the City of Benton, the Street Commissioner, the Street Superintendent, and/or any employee of the Street Department. The notice shall be posted **seven (7) days** prior to the taking of any action by the City to remedy the nuisance by which the weeds must be abated as a nuisance. **(Ord. No. 2003-08; 06-09-03)**
- **25-3-3 ABATEMENT.** If the person so served does not abate the nuisance within **five (5) days**, the Police Chief or a designated representative may proceed to abate such nuisance, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement and such expense shall be charged and paid by such owner or occupant.
- **25-3-4 LIEN.** Charges for such removal shall be a lien upon the premises. A bill representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service shall be presented to the owner. If this bill is not paid within **thirty (30) days** of submission of the bill, a notice of lien of the cost and expenses thereof incurred by the City shall be recorded in the following manner:
 - (A) A description of the real estate sufficient for identification thereof.
- (B) The amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service.
- (C) The date or dates when said cost and expense was incurred by the City and shall be filed within **sixty (60) days** after the cost and expense is incurred.
- **25-3-5 PAYMENT.** Notice of such lien claim shall be mailed to the owner of the premises if his address is known. Upon payment of the cost and expense after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name the lien has been filed and the release shall be filed of record in the same manner as filing notice of the lien.
- **25-3-6 FORECLOSURE OF LIEN.** Property subject to a lien for unpaid charges shall be sold non-payment of the same, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to pay the charges after deducting costs, as is the case in the foreclosure of statutory liens. Such foreclosure shall be in the name of the City, after lien is in effect for **sixty (60) days**. Suit to foreclose this lien shall be commenced within **two (2) years** after the date of filing notice of lien.

(See 65 ILCS 5/11-20-13 and 720 ILCS 5/47-10)

ARTICLE IV - INOPERABLE MOTOR VEHICLE

25-4-1 DEFINITIONS. For the purpose of this Code, the following term(s) shall have the meanings ascribed to them as follows:

"INOPERABLE MOTOR VEHICLES" shall mean any motor vehicle which, for a period of at least seven (7) days, the engine, wheels or other parts have been removed, or on which the engine, wheels or other parts have been altered, damaged or otherwise so treated that the vehicle is incapable of being driven under its own motor power. "Inoperable Motor Vehicle" shall not include a motor vehicle which has been rendered temporarily incapable of being driven under its own motor power in order to perform ordinary service or repair operations.

- **25-4-2 DECLARATION OF NUISANCE.** All inoperable motor vehicles, whether on public or private property in view of the general public, are hereby declared to be a nuisance.
- **25-4-3 NOTICE TO OWNER.** The Police Chief or a designated representative shall notify the owner of the motor vehicle, informing him that he shall dispose of any inoperable vehicles under his control. If the owner fails to dispose of said inoperable vehicle(s) after **seven (7) days** from the issuance of the notice, the Police Chief or a designated representative may authorize a towing service to remove and take possession of the inoperable vehicle or parts thereof.
- **25-4-4 EXCLUSIONS.** Nothing in this Article shall apply to any motor vehicle that is kept within a building when not in use, to operable historic vehicles over **twenty-five (25) years** of age, or to a motor vehicle on the premises of a licensed business engaged in the wrecking or junking of motor vehicles.

(See 65 ILCS 5/11-40-3)

ARTICLE V - BUILDING AS NUISANCE

- **25-5-1 BUILDING CONDITION NUISANCE.** The Zoning Administrator, being designated here as the Zoning Administrator or Fire Chief, shall report to the City Council when any building or structure in the City is in a dangerous condition and constitutes a nuisance. **(Ord. No. 01-11; 05-14-01)**
- **25-5-2 TIME LIMIT.** The owner of such building shall begin repair or alter it so as to make it safe within **thirty (30) days** from the time the notice is served upon him in the manner provided by law and completed within **sixty (60) days** unless extended by approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- **25-5-3 NOTIFICATION.** The Zoning Administrator, with the approval of the City Council, shall place a notice on all "dangerous and unsafe buildings", which notice shall read as follows:

"This building has been found to be a dangerous and unsafe building by the City officials. This notice shall remain on this building until it is repaired, vacated or demolished in accordance with the notice which has been given the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, or agent of this building, or person or persons in whose name or names such building was last assessed, and all other persons having an interest in said building as shown by the land records of the County Recorder of Deeds. It is unlawful to remove this notice until such notice is complied with."

- **25-5-4 DANGEROUS AND UNSAFE BUILDING DEFINED.** All buildings or structures which have any or all of the following defects shall be deemed "dangerous and unsafe buildings".
- (A) Those whose interior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity falls outside of the middle third of its base.
- (B) Those which, exclusive of the foundation, show **thirty-one percent (31%)** or more of damage or deterioration of the supporting member or members, or **fifty percent (50%)** of damage or deterioration of the non-supporting enclosing or outside walls or covering.
- (C) Those which have improperly distributed loads upon the floors or roofs or in which the same are overloaded, or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably safe for the purpose used.
- (D) Those which have been damaged by fire, wind, or other causes so as to have become dangerous to life, safety, morals, or the general health and welfare of the occupants or the people of the City.
- (E) Those which have become or are so dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary or which so utterly fail to provide the amenities essential to decent living that they are unfit for human habitation or are likely to cause sickness or disease, so as to cause injury to the health, morals, safety or general welfare of those living therein.
- (F) Those having light, air, and sanitation facilities which are inadequate to protect the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of human beings who live or may live therein.
- (G) Those having inadequate facilities for egress in case of fire or panic or those having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes, or other means of communication.
- (H) Those which have parts thereof which are so attached that they may fall and injure members of the public or property.
- (I) Those which, because of their condition, are unsafe, unsanitary, or dangerous to the health, morals, safety or general welfare of the people of this City.
- (J) Those buildings existing in violation of any provision of the Building Code of this City, or any provision of the Fire Prevention Code, or any other ordinances of the City.

- (K) Those vacant buildings with unguarded openings shall be deemed to constitute a fire hazard and to be unsafe within the provisions of this Code.
 - (L) Those buildings which are uncompleted or abandoned.
- **25-5-5 STANDARDS FOR REPAIR, VACATION OR DEMOLITION.** The following standards shall be followed in substance by the Zoning Administrator in ordering repair, vacation, or demolition:
- (A) If the "dangerous and unsafe building" is in such condition as to make it dangerous to the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of its occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated.
- (B) If the "dangerous and unsafe building" can reasonably be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of the terms of this Code, it shall be ordered repaired.
- (C) In any case when a "dangerous and unsafe building" is **fifty percent (50%)** damaged or decayed, or deteriorated from its original value or structure, it shall be demolished, and in all cases where a building cannot be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of the terms of this Code, it shall be demolished. In all cases where a "dangerous and unsafe building" is a fire hazard existing or erected in violation of the terms of this Code, or any ordinance of the City, or statute of the State of Illinois, it shall be demolished. **(See "Non-Conforming Uses" of the Zoning Code)**
- **25-5-6 DANGEROUS AND UNSAFE BUILDINGS NUISANCES.** All dangerous and unsafe buildings within the terms of this Article are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be repaired, vacated, or demolished as hereinbefore or hereinafter provided.
- **25-5-7 DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY.** The City Attorney shall apply to the Circuit Court for an order authorizing the demolition, repair, or vacation of dangerous and unsafe buildings or uncompleted or abandoned buildings when notices have not been complied with and when requested to do so by the Zoning Administrator.
- **25-5-8 LIENS.** The cost of repair, demolition, vacation, or enclosure shall be recoverable from the owner or owners of such real estate and shall be a lien thereon, which lien shall be subordinate to all prior existing liens and encumbrances; provided that within **thirty (30) days** after said cost and expense is incurred, the City or person performing the service by authority of the City, in his or its own names, shall file notices of lien in the office of the County Recorder of Deeds. The notice shall consist of a sworn statement setting out:
 - (A) A description of the real estate sufficient for identification therefor;
- (B) The amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service; and
 - (C) The date or dates when said cost and expense was incurred by the City.

Upon payment of said cost and expense by the owner of or persons interested in said property after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name(s) the lien has been filed and said release may be filed of record as in the case of filing notice of lien. The lien may be enforced by proceedings to foreclose as in the case of mortgages or mechanics of lien. Suit to foreclose this lien shall be commenced within **three (3) years** after the date of filing notice of lien.

(See 65 ILCS 5/11-31-1)

ARTICLE VI - VIOLATIONS

- **25-6-1 PROSECUTION OF VIOLATION.** Where any person, firm, or corporation has violated a provision of this Chapter by refusing or neglecting to comply with the requirements set forth in the Notice of Violation, the Code Enforcement Official or the Police personnel shall issue a citation of violation.
- **25-6-2 VIOLATION PENALTIES.** Any person, firm, or corporation who shall violate a provision of this Chapter shall be guilty of an offense, punishable by a fine of not less than **Fifty Dollars (\$50.00)** nor more than **Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$750.00)**. Each day that a violation continues after a citation is issued shall be deemed a separate offense.
- **25-6-3 ABATEMENT OF VIOLATION.** The imposition of the penalties herein prescribed shall not preclude the legal counsel of the City from instituting appropriate action at law or in equity to correct or abate violations of this Chapter.

(Ord. No. 99-44; 11-22-99)